



Select Collection of
ORIGINAL IRISH AIRS

for the Voice

UNITED TO CHARACTERISTIC ENGLISH POETRY

Written for this Work

with

SYMPHONIES & ACCOMPANIMENTS

FOR THE

PIANO FORTE, VIOLIN, & VIOLONCELLO.

Composed by

BEETHOVEN.

Vol: II

Price 15/-

The Violin & Violoncello parts 2/6 each

Ent^d at Stationers Hall.

G. Thomson

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115

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PREFACE.

MANY years have elapsed since the Editor began to collect Irish Melodias, about twenty of which, the most familiar to the lovers of music in Scotland were interspersed in his Collection of Scottish Airs. He had no thought of forming a separate Collection of Irish Melodias, till the great Scottish Bard, in the course of their correspondence, suggested the idea, and offered to write Songs for them. Encouraged by such an offer from Burns, he proceeded with alacrity to collect the Melodias; and by the kindness of his musical friends, more particularly through the obliging exertions of his friend Dr J. Laitham of Cork, he acquired a great variety of the finest old Melodias existing in Ireland, either in print or manuscript; and year after year he has been adding to the number by every means in his power. These would long ago have been given to the Public, had not unforeseen circumstances occurred to retard their appearance. They were sent to HAYDN to be harmonised, along with the Scottish and Welsh Airs: but after that celebrated Composer had finished the greater part of those two works, his declining health only enabled him to harmonise a few of the Irish Melodias; and, upon his death, it became necessary to find another Composer, to whom the task of harmonising them should be committed.

Of all the Composers that are now living, it is acknowledged by every intelligent and accomplished Musician, that the only one who occupies the same distinguished rank with the late HAYDN, is BEETHOVEN. Possessing the most original genius and inventive fancy, united to profound science, refined taste, and an enthusiastic love of his country, like that of his illustrious predecessor, will bear endless repetition, and afford ever new delight. To this Composer, therefore, the Editor eagerly applied for Symphonies and Accompaniments to the Irish Melodias; and to his inexpressible surprise, Beethoven undertook the composition. After years of anxious suspense and teasing disappointment, by the miscarriage of letters and of manuscripts, owing to the unprecedented difficulty of communication between England and Vienna, he received the extraordinary gift of a Box of Bonaparte's, long-expected Symphonies and Accompaniments at last reached the Editor, three other copies having previously been lost on the road.

These SYMPHONIES are most judiciously and most appropriate and singularly beautiful Introductions and Conclusions to each Melody, full of matter perfectly original, and diversified in the most fanciful and striking manner, according to the plaintive, spirited, or playful character of the Melodias for which they were composed.

His ACCOMPANIMENTS are equally appropriate and valuable. In Chamber singing, the Piano-forte alone, will be found a most satisfactory Accompaniment; and when the additional Accompaniments for the Violin and Violoncello, (not given in any other Irish Collection,) are joined with it, the effect will be felt in the highest degree excellent: for the parts united, exhibit combinations of harmony as rich, in a style so varied, so truly ingenious and impressive, as to impart a new and powerful interest to the Melodias, which will secure to them lasting admiration, and a place among the most classical compositions.

A Second-voice part, too, has been composed by Beethoven, to a number of the Airs, which may thus be sung at Duets; but as those Airs still retain their precise original form, they can, of course, be sung perfectly well by a single voice.

The Editor is aware that there are many persons, who, not having cultivated Music, are scarcely sensible of the value of Accompaniments, and prefer a simple Air to the finest music in parts. It is not to be denied, that there is a great charm in a fine voice singly, and that we sometimes hear a singer who can delight us by a song, without any Accompaniment. But such a singer is a rare creature. Nature seems singularly in the most-valued gift of a rich fine toned voice; and there are few singers who feel themselves at ease, or can give much pleasure to their hearers, without the support and guidance of an Accompaniment. For it is well known that voices, in general, have a tendency to fall from the pitch in which they have set out, and thus the harmony of the instrument is necessary to keep the voice in a just intonation, or to recall it when it begins to wander.

It is probable also, that amidst the powerful attraction of new and excellent Compositions, and the fluctuation and refinement of taste, National Melodias would be much neglected, were it not for their union with mutually and beautiful Accompaniments. A distinguished Writer has remarked in music, to be analogous to Design in painting; and Accompaniments he compares to Colouring. If Carolan the Irish Bard, could raise his head, and hear his own Melodias sung with Beethoven's Accompaniments, he would exclaim the Bard designs, from his designs, could grace each exquisitely coloured and highly finished picture. Let

any of the Irish Melodias be sung alone, and then with the Accompaniments of Beethoven, and it will immediately be perceived by every person of the least taste, how much the one is enriched by the other. The more critically the Music of this Collection is examined, the more clearly will it be seen what extraordinary pains and attention have been bestowed upon the Symphonies and Accompaniments of every one of the Melodias, for it is a thing of common place, no mark of negligence or carelessness throughout the Work: the whole has been composed *ad nauseam*, as if the author were to rent his fame upon it; and, accordingly, he has succeeded in the Editor his intention of publishing it on the Continent, with the verses translated. This is equally flattering to the Melodias of Ireland, and satisfactory to the Editor: it is a decisive proof that Beethoven feels conscious that he has rendered them worthy of the attention of an enlightened Public.

OF THE POETRY, the Editor may warily hope that its reception will not be less favourable than that of the music, because its authors are celebrated for their genius, and exhibit in their songs the force of fancy, feeling, and humour; which they have adapted to the happiest manner to the varied character of the Melodias. The Editor feels himself under the deepest obligations to them; for, without their kind assistance, after the lamented death of Burns, he could not have completed the Work, with satisfaction either to himself or the Public.

To Professor SMYTH of Cambridge, particularly, his warmest acknowledgements are due, for his numerous and valuable contributions to the Work; for the present Volume contains to every Song of his, which will place him at the first rank of Irish Poets, and give delight to every person of taste and acerbity.

It was the intention of the Editor to offer a few thoughts concerning the antiquity of the Irish Melodias, &c., as he has done with respect to the Scottish and Welsh Melodias, in his Collections of those Songs. But after perusing Walker's Historical Memoirs of the Irish Bards, Bunting's Critical Dissertation prefixed to his first volume of Irish Music, and Moore's Prefatory Letter to his third book of Songs, he finds the Editor has thrown new light on the subject. He believes, with Mr Moore, that the generality of the fine Airs are more modern than the Antiquaries would have us consider them. Yet from what Giraldus Cambrensis, in the twelfth century, has said of the superior skill of the Irish in the performance of instrumental or harp music, at that early period, joined to Powell's account of the Welsh prince Gruffydd Conan having, in the eleventh century, "brought over with him from Ireland eleven cunning musicians into Wales," who derived, in a manner, all the instrumental music "that is now used there," and the notices of other ancient writers, he cannot be doubted that Ireland must be considered a parent country of music, to which Wales, and, perhaps, Scotland too, were originally indebted.

This Work, in two volumes, with the other publications of the Editor, will put the public in possession of all that appeared in his most valuable and worthy of preservation in the native MELODIES OF SCOTLAND, IRELAND, and WALES, united to the most interesting SONGS, SYMPHONIES, and ACCOMPANIMENTS that could by any possible exertion be obtained for them; and he trusts that they will be lasting honours to the musical and poetical character of the three Countries. He looks back with great satisfaction upon his humble exertions, because he has had the happiness of eliciting from Poets and Musical Composers, who adorned the age in which they lived, what otherwise would never have been given to the world in this manner.

From the delay in publishing this work, others have got the start of it: And though the Editor is not insensible of the merit of those works, yet, his plan having been formed, and a great part of his materials collected, long before those works were heard of, he felt no inclination to withhold what he had with most trouble acquired; more especially when he knows how pre-eminently the Symphonies and Accompaniments of this Work are distinguished from those in any other Irish Collection, by their Originality, and by Beauty of that rare and precious kind, which will please the more, the oftener it is examined.

The Editor owes his most respectful acknowledgments to Sir WALTER WILLIAM WELLS, Bart. for obligingly permitting his request, in the engraving of Sir CHARLES, by Sir JAMES HARRISON, to be copied and engraved for the frontispiece that graces the First Volume of this Work.

Along with the Second Volume, he has the pleasure of presenting an Engraving, by his late friend, the worthy friend Mr Allan: a subject from ancient classic story, of singular excellence, and far exceeding in value the frontispiece usually given with Works of this kind.

Edinburgh, No. 3. Exchange, May 1816.

* Burns's Works, Vol. IV. Letter XLVI.

† Beethoven, Discoursaire de Musique, Article AIR; in which article this elegant writer has traced of the power of Music over the memory and fancy, with singular facility, and with such elegant play of enthusiastic feeling.

‡ No. 1. of this Collection for example.

VOL. II.

INDEX TO THE AIRS.

NAMES OF THE AIRS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER.

A	NO.	P	NO.
Abigail Judge.....	46	Paddy O'Boherty.....	46
Anonymous.....	34	Planity Kelly.....	40
Anonymous.....	37	S.....	
Anonymous.....	34	Saint Patrick's Day in the Morning.....	47
Anonymous.....	39	Silent Hi Phib.....	58
C		T	
Chilling o' Guiry.....	45	The Brown Maid.....	56
Coughan a Venice.....	46	Brown Throat.....	57
K		Fair-haired Girl.....	61
Kate Kearney.....	55	For's sleep.....	39
Killeary.....	55	Groups of Blarney.....	58
Kitty of Coleraine.....	55	Honours of Belanagair.....	56
M		Maid of the Valley.....	59
Moll Rouse.....	45	Moreen.....	58
N		Old Woman.....	60
Nora Cruise.....	51	Pretty Girl milking the Cows.....	49
O		Red Fox.....	55
O Molly, Molly, my dearest Honey.....	51	Twisting of the Rope.....	60
		Wandering Minstrel.....	44

INDEX TO THE POETRY.

FIRST LINE OF EACH SONG.	NAMES OF THE AUTHORS.	FIRST LINE OF EACH SONG.	NAMES OF THE AUTHORS.
A	PAGE	PAGE	
A health to the brave, &c.....	Devotion, J.F.M. Esq. 128	Oh! who, my dear Derman, &c.....	Smyth, William, Esq. 119 ✓
B		Oh! would I were but that sweet linnets The Song.....	119 ✓
By the side of the Shannon, &c.....	Smyth, William, Esq. 85	E	
C		Paddy O'Boherty, merry and vigorous.....	Bonwell, Alice, Esq. 118 ✓
Come, Derby does't easy, he easy.....	The Song..... 153	Put round the bright wine, &c.....	Smyth, William, Esq. 105 ✓
F		S	
Farwell mirth and hilarity.....	Bonwell, Alice, Esq. 86	Sad and lachrym was the season.....	The Song..... 79 ✓
H		Save me from the grave and woe.....	The Song..... 103 ✓
He promised me at parting.....	Smyth, William, Esq. 129	Soothe me my love, &c.....	The Song..... 88 ✓
I		T	
I am bowed down with years.....	The Song..... 106	The kin, dear maid, thy lip has left.....	Byrne, Lord..... 89 ✓
I dreamed I lay where flowers, &c.....	Bonwell, Alice, Esq. 75	The piper who sat, &c.....	Bonwell, Alice, Esq. 156 ✓
I'll praise the Saints, &c.....	Smyth, William, Esq. 102	The pulse of an Irishman, &c.....	Bonwell, Alice, Esq. 115 ✓
J		Then, soldier! come! I'll high the wine.....	Smyth, William, Esq. 92
Just, lovely, matchless creature.....	Bonwell, Alice, Esq. 140	Thy ship must sail, my Henry dear.....	The Song..... 141 ✓
N		Tis butin rain, for nothing thrives.....	The Song..... 122 ✓
No more, my Mary, I sigh for splendour.....	Smyth, William, Esq. 137	Tis sunshine at last, &c.....	The Song..... 109 ✓
O		To me, my sweet Kathleen, &c.....	The Song..... 78
O Erin! to thy harp divine.....	The Song..... 144	W	
O might I but my Patrick love.....	The Song..... 132	We fairy elves, in secret dell.....	Thomson, David, Esq. 96 ✓
O thou hapless soldier.....	The Song..... 95	When far from the home of our youth, &c.....	The Song..... 99 ✓

I dream'd I lay where flow'rs, &c.*By BURNS.*

AIR, (No. 31.)—O MOLLY, MOLLY, MY DEAREST HONEY.

I DREAM'D I lay where flow'rs were springing,
Gaily in the sunny beam;
I listen'd to the wild birds singing
By a falling crystal stream.
At once the sky grew black and daring,
Through the woods the whirlwinds rave;
The trees with aged arms were warring,
Across the swelling drumlie wave.*

Such was my life's deceitful morning,
Such the pleasures I enjoy'd:
But long ere noon, loud tempests storming,
All my flow'ry bliss destroy'd.
Though fickle Fortune has deceiv'd me,
Promised fair, and perform'd but ill,
Of many a joy and hope bereav'd me,
I bear a heart shall support me still.

* Drumlie, *driv, trodded.*

Nº 31.

I DREAMD I LAY WHERE FLOW'RS WERE SPRINGING.

Duetto
Andante
espr. vivo.

The musical score is written for a duet with piano accompaniment. It features two vocal staves and a grand piano accompaniment. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The tempo is marked 'Andante' and the expression is 'espr. vivo.' (with spirit). The score includes dynamic markings such as *p* (piano) and *pp* (pianissimo). The lyrics are written below the vocal staves.

I dreamd I lay where
I dreamd I lay where
flow'rs were springing, gai-ly in the sun-ny beam I
flow'rs were springing, gai-ly in the sun-ny beam I
lis-tend to the wild birds sing - ing, By a fal - ling
lis-tend to the wild birds sing - ing, By a fal - ling

chrystal stream At once the sky grew black and dar - ing While
chrystal stream At once the sky grew black and dar - ing While

through the woods the whirlwinds rave The trees with a - - ged
through the woods the whirlwinds rave The trees with a - - ged

arms were war - ring A - cross the swel - ling drum lie wate
arms were war - ring A - cross the swel - ling drum lie wate

pp cres p cres p

TO ME MY SWEET KATHLEEN.

N° 32.

Andante
con molto
espressione

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It begins with a piano introduction in D major, 4/4 time, marked 'Andante con molto espressione'. The piano part features a complex, flowing melody in the right hand and a steady accompaniment of eighth-note chords in the left hand. Dynamics include *p*, *sf*, and *p*.

The vocal melody enters with the lyrics: "To me my sweet Kathleen the Banshee has cried And I die ere tomorrow I die This". The piano accompaniment continues with the same eighth-note pattern. Dynamics include *sf* and *p*.

The next line of the song is: "rise thou hast gather'd and laid by my side, will live my child longer than I My". The piano part remains consistent. Dynamics include *sf* and *p*.

The following line is: "days they are gone like a tale that is told Let me bless thee and bid thee adieu For". The piano part continues. Dynamics include *sf* and *p*.

The final line of the song is: "ne- ver to father, when feeble and old Was daughter so kind and so true." The piano part concludes with a final flourish. Dynamics include *sf* and *p*.

To ME, my sweet Kathleen ;
THE DYING FATHER TO HIS DAUGHTER.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 52.) THE FOX'S SLEEP.

TO me, my sweet Kathleen, the Benshee has cried,
 And I die—ere to-morrow, I die.—^{*}
 This rose thou hast gather'd, and laid by my side,
 Will live, my child, longer than I.
 My days they are gone, like a tale that is told—
 Let me bless thee, and bid thee adieu ;
 For never to father, when feeble and old,
 Was daughter so kind and so true.

Thou hast walk'd by my side, and my board thou hast spread,
 For my chair the warm corner hast found ;
 And told my dull ear what the visitor said,
 When I saw that the laughter went round.
 Thou hast succour'd me still, and my meaning exprest
 When memory was lost on its way—
 Thou hast pillow'd my head ere I laid it to rest—
 Thou art weeping beside me to-day.

O Kathleen, my Love ! thou couldst choose the good part,
 And more than thy duty hast done :—
 Go now to thy Dermot, he clasp'd to his heart,
 He merits the love he has won.
 Be dutious and tender to him, as to me :
 Look up to the mercy-seat then ;
 And passing this shadow of death, which I see,
 Come, come to my arms back again.

^{*} In the Irish superstition, the Benshee is the warning spirit that announces death.

The Hero may perish his Country to save.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.*

THE SAME AIR,—SET FOR TWO VOICES.

THE Hero may perish his country to save,
 And he lives in the records of fame ;
 The Sage may the dungeons of tyranny brave—
 Ever honour'd and blest he his name !
 But Virtue that silently toils or expires,
 No wreath for the brow to entwine ;
 That asks but a smile—but a fond sigh requires—
 O Woman ! that virtue is thine.

Sad and luckless was the Season.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 33.)—THE GROVES OF BLARNEY.

SAD and luckless was the season,
 When to court fair Ellen flew,—
 Flew from Love, and Pesce, and Reason,
 Worlds to see of promise new.
 Back she comes—each grace is finer,
 Every charm that crowds adore,
 All the form divine, diviner—
 But the heart is there no more.

Oh! 'tis gone, the temper even,
 Careless nature, artless ease!
 All that makes retirement heaven—
 Pleasing, without toil to please.
 Hope no more, sweet lark, to cheer her,
 Vain to her these echoing skies—
 Bloom no more, ye violets, near her,
 Yours are charms she would not prize.

Ellen! go where crowds admire thee,
 Chariots rattle, torches blaze;
 Here our dull content would tire thee,
 Worthless be our village praise.
 Go! yet oh, that *Thought's* soft season
 Ellen's heart might but restore!
 Hard the task—whate'er the reason—
 Hard the task to love no more.

No. 55.

SAD & LUCKLESS WAS THE SEASON

80

*Andante
expressive
aizai*

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It consists of six systems of music. The first system shows the beginning of the piece with a piano introduction. The second system contains the first line of lyrics: "Sad and luckless was the sea, son when to". The third system contains the second line of lyrics: "Court fair Ellen flew Flew from Love and Peare and Reason, Worlds to". The fourth system contains the third line of lyrics: "see of promise new Back she comes each grace is finer Every". The fifth system contains the fourth line of lyrics: "charm - that crowds a - do - re All the Form di - vine di - vin - er But the". The sixth system contains the fifth line of lyrics: "heart is there no more" and ends with a piano flourish marked "pizz" and "poco ritard.".

Sad and luckless was the sea, son when to

Court fair Ellen flew Flew from Love and Peare and Reason, Worlds to

see of promise new Back she comes each grace is finer Every

charm - that crowds a - do - re All the Form di - vine di - vin - er But the

heart is there no more

pizz *poco ritard.*

SOOTHE ME MY LYRE.

N^o 34.

*Andante
con molto
espression*

Violino

pizz.

Soothe me my Lyre with thy tones of soft sorrow O soothe thy sad mistress that
sinks in de cay Fain-ter to day to he fainter to morrow I
fade like the flow'r and am pas-sing a-way I fade like the flow'r and am
passing a-way.

Violino

The musical score is written for Violino and piano. It begins with a tempo and expression marking of 'Andante con molto espression'. The first system shows the Violino part with a 'pizz.' (pizzicato) instruction. The piano part provides harmonic support. The second system introduces the vocal melody with the lyrics 'Soothe me my Lyre with thy tones of soft sorrow O soothe thy sad mistress that'. The third system continues the vocal line with 'sinks in de cay Fain-ter to day to he fainter to morrow I'. The fourth system concludes the vocal phrase with 'fade like the flow'r and am pas-sing a-way I fade like the flow'r and am'. The final system shows the Violino part with the lyrics 'passing a-way.' and a more active melodic line.

Soothe me, my Lyre, &c.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.*

AIR. (No. 54).—Communicated without a name by a Friend.

SOOthe me, my lyre, with thy tones of soft sorrow,
Soothe thy sad mistress that sinks in decay ;
Fainter to day, to be fainter to-morrow,
I fade like the flower, and am passing away.
I fade, &c.

"Cheer thee, my love," says my mother, beguiling,
"I see thee reviving, believe me, believe ;"
Spring will restore me, I answer, gay smiling,
And both are deceivers that cannot deceive.

Pale is my cheek,—it was fair as they told me—
Who in the dance that but lately had been,
Who that had seen me, and now should behold me,
Would think me the Ellen that there he had seen ?

Cold shall I lie,—they will weep and regret me,—
The dews of the morning are vanish'd at noon.
One will remember, when all shall forget me,
O lov'd of my heart! must I leave thee so soon ?

Dear was the world—I had youth, I had beauty,
But 'tis not for life that I heave this sad sigh—
Firm is my soul in its hope and its duty,—
But oh! to be lov'd—then untimely to die.

By the side of the Shannon, &c.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 35.)—KITTY OF COLERAINE.

By the side of the Shannon was laid a young lover,—
 "I hate this dull river," he fretfully cried;
 "Yon tempest is coming—this willow my cover—
 "How sultry the air—not a zephyr," he sigh'd.
 "Go, bee!—get along—why so idly remaining,
 "For here are no roses—thou troublesome thing!
 "Peace—nightingale! peace—to that ditty complaining—
 "Oh can it be thus that these nightingales sing?"

But now a light form, with a smile archly playing,
 All beaming in beauty, before him appear'd—
 "O Ellen!" he cried, "why thus strangely delaying,
 "My dearest, my Ellen,—what have I not fear'd."
 And then so majestic the Shannon came flowing,
 The bee flew unchided the blossoms among,
 The sky was serene, and the zephyrs soft blowing,
 And oh! how enchanting the nightingale's song!

BY THE SIDE OF THE SHANNON.

54

Nº 35.

Violino

Allarghetto

grazioso

By the side of the Shan-non was
laid a young Lover, I hate this dull ri-ver he fret-fully cried You
tempest is coming this wil-low my co-ver How sul-try the air not a
zephyr he sigh'd Go Bee get a-long why an

Id - ly re - maining For here are no ro - ses thou troublesome thing Peace

Night ingale peace to that dit - ty com - plaining Oh can it be thus that those

Violino
Night - ingales sing

f *p* *pizz*

arco *pp* *f*

FAREWELL MIRTH & HILLARITY

N^o 36.

Allarghetto

Fare - well

mirth and hi - la - ri - ty. Love has my heart in cru - el sub - jection Ah me

Norah in char - i - ty Spare a fond soul one thro' of af - fection Why as I pass'd did I

gaze on her casement A - las with on look all my courage she shook But while I linger'd in

noon struck a mize - ment Not a smile all the while cheers re - col - lec - tion

Chorus

Soprano
Love, love wins us by treache - ry, Yet leaves no choice but humble submis - sion

Tenor
Love, love wins us by treache - ry, Yet leaves no choice but humble submis - sion

Bass
Love, love wins us by treache - ry, Yet leaves no choice but humble submis - sion

What spell can conquer this witche - ry Wo - man our bane's the on - ly phy - gi - cian

What spell can conquer this witche - ry Wo - man our bane's the on - ly phy - ai - cian

What spell can conquer this witche - ry Wo - man our bane's the on - ly phy - ai - cian

pp *sf*

Farewell Mirth and Hilarity:

NORAH OF BALAMAGAIRY.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *ALEXANDER BOSWELL, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 36).—THE HUMOURS OF BALAMAGAIRY.

FAREWELL mirth and hilarity,
Love has my heart in cruel subjection;
Ah me! Norah in charity
Spare a fond soul one throb of affection.
Why, as I pass'd, did I gaze on her casement,
Alas! with one look all my courage she shook!
But while I linger'd in moon-struck amazement,
Not a smile all the while cheers recollection.

CHORUS.—Love, love wins us by treachery,
Yet leaves no choice but humble submission;
What spell can conquer this witchery,
Woman, our bane, is the only physician.

Far, far hence tho' I fly from her,
Where other shores are kiss'd by the ocean,
Blest powers! draw but one sigh from her,
Let her not live thus dead to emotion.
Yet I must steal a last glance ere I leave her,
Perhaps at her heart she may grieve when we part;
Hope, ah I dread thee, deluding deceiver,
Fair thy cup, but turn'd up, bitter the potion.

CHORUS.—Love, love wins us by treachery,
Yet leaves no choice but humble submission;
What spell can conquer this witchery,
Woman, our bane, is the only physician.

Ah me! had we the agency
Of a kind-hearted fest little fairy,
Good bye then to thy regency,
Norah, the witch of Balamagairy!
Looks she, or speaks she, the lads are all sighing,
She scatters her spells, and then ev'ry heart swells;
Not a young clown but is pining and dying,
Ah! the fools, thus she rules Balamagairy.

CHORUS.—Love, love wins us by treachery,
Yet leaves no choice but humble submission;
What spell can conquer this witchery,
Woman, our bane, is the only physician.

The kiss, dear Maid, thy lip has left.

By LORD BYRON,

AND HERE PUBLISHED BY PERMISSION.

AIR, (No. 37.)—Communicated without a name by a Friend.

THE kiss, dear maid, thy lip has left,
 Shall never part from mine,
 Till happier hours restore the gift
 Untainted back to thine.
 Thy parting glance, which fondly beams,
 An equal love may see ;
 The tear that from thine eyelids streams,
 Can weep no change in me.

I ask no pledge to make me blest
 In gazing when alone ;
 Nor one memorial for a breast
 Whose thoughts are all thine own.*
 By day or night, in weal or woe,
 This heart, no longer free,
 Must bear the love it cannot show,
 And silent ache for thee.

* Four lines of the original are omitted, because the melody requires a stanza of eight lines.

THE KISS DEAR MAID THY LIP HAS LEFT

N^o 37.

*Andante
e neramente
con molto
espressione*

Violino
pizz.
The
dulce
pizz.
kiss dear maid thy lip has left shall ne ver part from mine 'till happier hours re-
store the gift un- tainted back to thine Thy parting glance which fondly beams an
e- qual love may see The tear that from thine eye d streams Can
weep no change in ne- pizz.
cres. p.
cres. p.
cres. p.
p.
p.
p.

THEN SOLDIER COME FILL HIGH THE WINE

Nº 38.

*Maestoso
risoluto
con
molte spirito*

Violino

Nº 35.

*Mac-toso
ri-zoluto
con
mol-to spi-ri-to*

Violino

Then Sol-dier come fill high the wine For we
reck out of to mor-row Be ours to day and we resign all the rest to the fools of
sor-row Gay be the hour till we beat to arms Then Comrade Death or Glo-ry 'Tis
Vic-to-ry in all her charms Or 'tis Fame in the world's bright sto-ry

Vlini

Then, Soldier, come, fill high the Wine.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 28.)—THE MOREEN.

THEN, soldier! come! fill high the wine,
 For we reck not of to-morrow;
 Be ours to-day, and we resign
 All the rest to the fools of sorrow.
 Gay be the hour 'till we beat to arms,
 Then, comrade, death or glory!
 'Tis victory in all her charms,
 Or 'tis fame in the world's bright story.

'Tis you—'tis I—that may meet the ball;—
 And me it better pleases
 In battle, brave, with the brave to fall,
 Than to die of dull diseases;
 Driveller to be in my fireside chair,
 With saws and tales unbecomed;
 A tottering thing of aches and care,
 No longer lov'd nor needed.

But thou—oh dark is thy flowing hair,
 And thine eye with fire is streaming,
 And o'er thy cheek,—thy looks,—thine air,
 Sits health in triumph beaming.
 Soldier! high, fill high the wine,
 Fill high to love and beauty;
 Love,—friendship,—honour,—all are thine,
 Thy country and thy duty.

Oh! thou hapless Soldier.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 29.)—THE MAID OF THE VALLEY.

On! thou hapless soldier,
Left unseen to moulder
Here on the lonely plain.
Far thy comrades flying,
Lost,—abandon'd,—dying
Here on the lonely plain.
Faint,—and none to cheer thee,
Moaning,—none to hear thee,
Dying,—and none near thee
On this lonely plain.
No fond tears fall o'er thee,
No fond hearts deplore thee
Here on the lonely plain.

Power! ambition! glory!
Read we then your story
Here on the lonely plain!
Some fond maid is sighing
For her hero lying
Here on the lonely plain.
Never, hapless soldier,
Fated to behold her,
Left unseen to moulder
On this lonely plain.
No fond tears fall o'er thee,
No fond hearts deplore thee,
Here on the lonely plain.

OH THOU HAPLESS SOLDIER.

Nº 39.

Duetto

Oh thou hap-less soldier,

Oh thou hap-less soldier,

*Andante
affettuoso
assai.*

Left un-seen to moulder Here on the lone-ly plain

Left un-seen to moulder Here on the lone-ly plain

ppp

Far thy comrades fly-ing Lost a-bandon'd dy-ing Here on the lone-ly

Far thy comrades fly-ing Lost a-bandon'd dy-ing Here on the lone-ly

ppp

plain Faint and none to cheer thee, Moaning, none to hear thee

plain Faint and none to cheer thee, Moaning, none to hear thee

Dy - ing and none near thee On this lonely plain No fondtears fall o'er thee

Dy - ing and none near thee On this lonely plain No fondtears fall o'er thee

No fond hearts de - plore thee Here on the lone - ly plain.

No fond hearts de - plore thee Here on the lone - ly plain.

rit. - dim.

WE FAIRY ELVES IN SECRET DELLS.

N^o 40.

Violino 1

Allegretto scherzando

p

We

fat_ry elves in se_cretdells All day contrive our magic spells Till sa_ble night oer.

cast the sky Thenthrough the ai_ry regions fly, By Cynthia's light so clear A_

round the earth ere dawn of day On high we win our ea_sy way Sometimes the lawns to

earth invit_ing, On the velvet turf a_lighting So light So light So light o'er pliant

cres.

stalks we fleet The blades scarce bend beneath our feet But shakes as if for fear

Chorus

So light So light So light o'er pliant stalks we fleet, the

blade scarce bends beneath our feet But shakes as if for fear

blade scarce bends beneath our feet But shakes as if for fear

blade scarce bends beneath our feet But shakes as if for fear

The Elfin Fairies.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By DAVID THOMSON, Esq.

AIR, (No. 40).—FLANKTY KELLY—By Carles.

W: fairy-elves, in secret dells,
All day contrive our magic spells,
Till sable night o'ercast the sky,
Then through the airy regions fly,

By Cynthia's light so clear :
Around the earth, ere dawn of day,
On high we win our easy way ;
Sometimes the lawns to earth inviting,
On the velvet turf alighting,

So light, so light,
So light o'er plant stalks we fleet,
The blade scarce bends beneath our feet,
But shakes as if for fear.

And if no bus'ness calls from home,
Around the wheeling globe to roam ;
We to some flow'ry meadow stray,
And sing and dance the night away,

Around our Fairy-Queen.
Then we our mushroom board prepare,
The gather'd sweets of flow'rs our fare,
The dewy nectar round distilling,
All our hair-bell goblets filling ;

Good night, good night :
Good night we say, then sink to rest
Upon some lily's downy breast,
By mortal eyes unseen.

When far from the Home of our Youth, &c.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *DAVID THOMSON, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 61.)—THE FAIR HAIR'D GIRL.*

WHEN far from the home of our youth we have rang'd,
How fondly we think of the days that are past;
Their image thro' changes is ever unchang'd,
Wherever our lot may be cast.
I muse on the features of those whom I lov'd;
The farewell of friendship I yet seem to hear:
The scenes I remember where oft I have rov'd,
The songs that delighted my ear.

In slumbers their music some vision recalls,
And oft I implore it a moment to stay;
But, ah! soon the measure in soft cadence falls,
I wake, and the sound dies away.
How sad the reverse,—once I wept but in dreams,
The dawn then awoke me to hope and delight;
Now hope never comes with the morning's gay beams,
And joy is a phantom of night.

Oh! sleep, how enchanting the power of thy wand,
More swift are thy pinions than fancy e'er spread;
For hark o'er the ocean of time they expand,
And bring us to scenes that are fled.
Tho' hope never comes with the morning's gay beams,
Tho' long o'er the desert of life I may roam,
Oh! let thy soft magic still waft me in dreams
To all the lov'd scenes of my home.

100
WHEN FAR FROM THE HOME OF OUR YOUTH.

Nº 41.

Andantino

con moto.

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It begins with a treble and bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 4/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Andantino' and 'con moto.' The score consists of seven systems of staves. The first system includes a piano introduction with a 'pp' (pianissimo) dynamic marking. The lyrics are written below the vocal line. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a more complex harmonic structure in the left hand. The score concludes with a 'Dol.' (Dolce) marking in the piano part.

When far from the home of our youth we have rang'd How fondly we think of the
days that are past Their image through changes is ever unchanged When e'er our lot may lie
I muse on the features of those whom I lov'd The fare well of friendship I
yet seem to hear The scenes I remember where oft I have rold, The songs that delighted my
ear

I'LL PRAISE THE SAINTS.

N^o 42.

Andante
con moto.

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked 'Andante' and 'con moto.' The score consists of six systems of music. The first system shows the vocal line starting with 'I'll praise the Saints with' and the piano accompaniment. The second system continues the vocal line with 'eer-ly song, For now the ware are end-ed I'll praise our La-dy lete and long, That' and the piano accompaniment. The third system continues the vocal line with 'hae my Love de-fend-ed. Yee home is come my Patrick dear From me no more to' and the piano accompaniment. The fourth system continues the vocal line with 'ee-ver And in his looks I see it clear - - - - - He loves me more than e-ver.' and the piano accompaniment. The fifth system continues the piano accompaniment with various dynamics like 'Cres', 'p', and 'Cresc'. The sixth system continues the piano accompaniment with dynamics like 'p', 'pp', and 'p'. The score ends with a double bar line.

I'll praise the Saints with

eer-ly song, For now the ware are end-ed I'll praise our La-dy lete and long, That

hae my Love de-fend-ed. Yee home is come my Patrick dear From me no more to

ee-ver And in his looks I see it clear - - - - - He loves me more than e-ver.

Cres *p* *Cresc* *p* *pp* *p*

I'll Praise the Saints with early Song.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 42.) ABIGAIL JUDGE—By Circeus.

I'll praise the Saints with early song,
For now the wars are ended;
I'll praise our Lady late and long,
That has my Love defended.
Yes, home is come my Patrick dear,
From me no more to sever;
And in his looks, I see it clear,
He loves me more than ever.

He sits our evening fire beside,
The cabin round surveying,
And looks with all a father's pride,
While near the child is playing.
Even me he turns to gaze upon,
As in my maiden beauty;
Before my bloom was worn and gone
By many a toilsome duty.

"My Love, he cries, thou canst not guess,
"Tho' kind and tender hearted,
"What I have known of sad distress,
"Since last from thee I parted.
"And little canst thou now suppose
"How my poor heart is swelling,
"To find myself at evening's close
"In this my peaceful dwelling."

And, true—his cheek is sallow now,
That once was bright and ruddy;
A fearful scar is on his brow,
The mark of battle bloody.
And oft in sleep disturb'd he seems,
While o'er him I am bending;
He makes the cross while in his dreams,
As if for life contending.

But happier hours are coming fast,
Sir Phelim—angels bless him—
Says Patrick Toole shall rest at last,
And nothing more distress him.
He grants a farm, with turf-ground near,
He grants a lease for ever;
And heaven will bless, I need not fear,
The honest heart's endeavour.

Put round the bright Wine, &c.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 45.)—CHILING O'GUIRY.

PUT round the bright wine, for my bosom is gay,
The night may have sunshine as well as the day;
Oh welcome the hours! when dear visions arise
To melt my kind spirit, and charm my fond eyes.
When wine to my head can its wisdom impart,
And love has its promise to make to my heart;
When dim in far shade sink the spectres of care,
And I tread a bright world with a footstep of air.

Yes, mirth is my goddess,—come round me, ye few,
Who have wit for her worship, I doat upon you:
Delighted with life, like a swallow on wing,
I catch ev'ry pleasure the current may bring:
The feast and the frolic, the masque and the ball,
Dear scenes of enchantment! I come at your call;
Let me meet the gay beings of beauty and song,
And let Erin's good humour be found in the throng.

If life be a dream—'tis a pleasant one sure,
And the dream of to-night we at least may secure;
If life be a bubble, tho' better I deem,
Let us light up its colours by gaiety's beam.
Away with cold vapours—I pity the mind
That nothing but dulness and darkness can find:
Give me the kind spirit that laughs on its way,
And turns thorns into roses, and winter to May.

PUT ROUND THE BRIGHT WINE.

Nº 43.

Violino

*Allegretto
spiritoso*

Put round the bright wine for my ho. som is gay The

night may have sun shine as well as the day Oh welcome the hours when gay

visions a. - rise, To melt my kind spl. rit and charm my fond eyes.

When wine to my head can its wisdom impart And Love has its promise to

make to my heart When dim in far shade sink the Spectres of care And I

tread a bright world with a footstep of air.

Violino

cres

cres

p

rit

p

I AM BOW'D DOWN WITH YEARS

No. 44.

*Andantino**con moto*

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It begins with a piano introduction in B-flat major, 4/4 time, marked *Andantino con moto*. The piano part features a flowing melody in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand, with dynamic markings of *p* and *sfz*. The vocal melody enters in the second system. The lyrics are: "I am bow'd down with years and fast flow my tears But I wan-der I mourn not your pity to win 'Tis not age want or care I could po-ve-ry bear 'Tis the shame of my heart that is breaking with-in." The score includes parts for Canto, Tenor (an octave lower), and Bass, all of which enter in the final system with the lyrics "Thou art bow'd down with years and". The piano accompaniment continues throughout, ending with a final chord.

p *sfz*

I am bow'd down with years and fast flow my tears But I
wan-der I mourn not your pity to win 'Tis not age want or care I could
po-ve-ry bear 'Tis the shame of my heart that is breaking with-in.

Canto CHORUS
Tenor an octave lower Thou art bow'd down with years and
Bass Thou art bow'd down with years and
Thou art bow'd down with years and

fast flow thy tears But why dost thou wan - der no

fast flow thy tears But why dost thou wan - der no

fast flow thy tears But why dost thou wan - der no

pi - ty to win Were it age were it care We could soothe we could

pi - ty to win Were it age were it care We could soothe we could

pi - ty to win Were it age were it care We could soothe we could

share But what is the shame thy sad ho - som within.

share But what is the shame thy sad ho - som within.

share But what is the shame thy sad ho - som within.

share But what is the shame thy sad ho - som within.

share But what is the shame thy sad ho - som within.

share But what is the shame thy sad ho - som within.

I am bow'd down with Years.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

The Name and Percentage of this Air not being well ascertained, the Editor takes leave to call it

THE WANDERING MINSTREL—(No. 44.)

I AM bow'd down with years,
And fast flow my tears,
But I wander, I mourn not, your pity to win:
'Tis not age, want, or care,
I could poverty bear—
'Tis the shame of my heart that is breaking within.
CHORUS.—Thou art bow'd down with years,
And fast flow thy tears,
But why dost thou wander no pity to win?
Were it age, were it care,
We could soothe, we could share—
But what is the shame thy sad bosom within?

Oh, if thou should'st hear—
From splendour's high sphere—
The sorrow, the tale, which these notes may convey!
Think, think, of past hours,
Thy dear native bowers,
And turn not, my love, from thy father away.

CHORUS.—'Tis from Erin so dear,
The lay that we hear,
Then welcome the minstrel, and welcome the lay:
But where are the bowers,
And what are the hours,
And where is the daughter that wander'd away?

What peace hast thou known,
Since from me thou hast flown!
And, Eveleen, think but how wretched am I!
Oh let me but live,
Thy fault to forgive,

Again let me love thee, and bless thee, and die!

CHORUS.—Oh cease then thy song,
She has languished too long;
She hoped not thy smile of forgiveness to see:
She sunk at the word,
Thy voice when she heard,
And she lives (if she lives,) but for virtue and thee.

'Tis Sunshine at Last, &c.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 45).—MOLL ROONE.

'T is sunshine at last—come, my ELLEN, sit near me,
 And twine me these roses—we sorrow no more ;
 Come taste of my cup, while it sparkles to cheer me,
 The cup that I fill, now the tempest is o'er.
 Oh ! not that my mirth, with unhallowed intrusion,
 Would thy gentle mind to rude transport beguile,
 But catch from my bowl one fond passing illusion,
 And crown my gay heart with thy sympathy's smile.

Come taste of my cup—for 'till Ellen shall share it,
 In vain are the roses—jo vain is the woe :
 Past sorrow shall sweeten, and love shall prepare it,
 For forms that are softer and finer like thine.
 Bright beams a new world, and sweet visions break o'er us,
 And as landscapes are fresher when past are the show'rs,
 So richer the bliss and the gay hopes before us—
 For where are the hearts that have sorrow'd like ours.

Oh ! ever, my love, must I think of that season,
 When, friendless, we mingled our terrors and sighs ;
 And how had I failed, in the night of my reason,
 Had comfort not beam'd from thine eloquent eyes.
 Take the glass that I fill, take the homage I render :
 No riot shall break the soft dreams of the soul ;
 Around us shall breathe an Elysium more tender,
 And finer enchantment be waked from my bowl.

'TIS SUNSHINE AT LAST.

N^o 45.*Allargato**grazioso*


p dol.

p dol.

p dol.

'Tis Sunshine at last come my El, let sit near me And twine me these roses; we sorrow no more

Come taste of my cup while it sparkles to cheer me The cup that I fill now the

tempest is o'er Oh not that my mirth with un, hollow'd in, trusion Would thy gentle

mind to rude transport be gale But catch from my bow lone fond passing il - lusion And crown my joy heart with the

Sympathy's smile.

OH! WHO MY DEAR DERMOT. &c.

N^o 46.

Andante.

Violino

Oh

who my dear Dermot has dar'd to de - ceive thee? And what's the dis - honour this

gold is to buy? Back, back to thy tempter or

No - rah shall leave thee To hide her in woods and in de - serts to die.

Ped Ped Ped Ped Ped *pp*

Oh! who, my dear Dermot, &c.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 66.)—CROOGHAN A VENEE.

OH! who, my dear Dermot, has dared to deceive thee,
And what's the dishonour this gold is to buy?
Back,—back to thy tempter,—or Norah shall leave thee,
To hide her in woods, and in deserts to die.

Tho' poor, we are honest, and will not this cheer us,
Thy sire and thy grandaie have ask'd for no more;
And shame with its shadow has never come near us
To shut out the sun from our cabin before.

Oh look at yon lark, where the sky shines so brightly,
Say why does it carol its echoing lay:
Is't singin' so gaily, and mountin' so lightly,
Because it finds gold in the dawn of the day?

Oh! Dermot, thy heart is with agony swelling,
For once it was honest, and honour its law—
An Irishman thou, and have bribes in thy dwelling!
Back, back to thy tempter,—go,—Erin go Bragh.

The pulse of an Irishman ever beats quicker.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *ALEXANDER BOSWELL, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 47.)—SAINT PATRICK'S DAY IN THE MORNING.

THE pulse of an Irishman ever beats quicker
 When war is the story, or love is the theme;
 And place him where bullets fly thicker and thicker,
 You'll find him all cowardice scorning.
 And tho' a ball should maim poor Darby,
 Light at the heart he rallies on,
 " Fortune is cruel,
 " But Norah my jewel
 " Is kind, and with smiling
 " My sorrow beguiling,
 " Shall bid from our cabin all care to be gone;
 " And how they will jig it,
 " And tug at the spigot
 " On Patrick's day in the morning."

O blest be the land in the wide western waters,
 Sweet Erin, lov'd Erin, the pride of my song,
 Still brave be the sons, and still fair be the daughters
 Thy meads and thy mountains adorning!
 And tho' the eastern sun seems tardy,
 Tho' the pure light of knowledge slow,
 Night and delusion,
 And darkling confusion,
 Like mists from the river
 Shall vanish for ever,
 And true Irish hearts with warm loyalty glow;
 And proud exultation
 Burst forth from the nation
 On Patrick's day in the morning.

THE PULSE OF AN IRISHMAN.

N^o 47.*Allegretto**schmerzando.*

The pulse of an Irishman e- ver beats quicker, When

war is the sto- ry or love is the theme And place him where bullets fly

thicker and thicker You'll find him all cowardice scorn- ing And tho' a ball should

main poor Dar- by Light at the heart he ral- lies on Fortune is cruel But

No-rah my jew-el is kind and with smiling, All sorrow be-guiling, shall

bid from our ca-bin all care to be gone And how they will jig it and

tug at the spi-got, on Pa-trick's day in the morn-ing

p *ff* *f*

PADDY O'RAFFERTY.

N^o 48. *Violino*

Vivace

secco: andante

p *crec.* *ff*

Paddy O' Rafferty,

mer-ry and vi-go-rous laugh-did at his lot, tho' 'twas some-what too ri-gor-ous

f

Poor was his prize from the wheel of life's lot-te-ry Turning the wheel in old

ff

Den-nis Keogh's pot-te-ry Still he kept turning and still the clay ta-per-ing

Grew a black pot to hold ink for white pa-per in, Sometimes a brown jar to

cresc.

hold a small pen-sion in. Sometimes faith something not worth a word's mention-ing

p f sf

Violino

dim pp cresc.

f

Paddy O'Rafferty.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *ALEXANDER BOSWELL, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 48).—PADDY O'RAFFERTY.

PADDY O'RAFFERTY, merry and vigorous,
 Laugh'd at his lot, tho' 'twas somewhat too rigorous;
 Poor was his prize from the wheel of life's lottery,
 Turning the wheel in old Dennis Keogh's pottery.
 Still he kept turning, and still the clay tapering,
 Grew a black pot to hold ink for white paper in,
 Sometimes a brown jar to hoard a small pension in,
 Sometimes, faith, something not worth a word's mentioning.

Arrah, quoth Paddy, and so goes the round about,
 So come those fortunes they make such a sound about,
 Some in their save-alls their thousands are gathering,
 Some from these ink-pots great families fathering.
 So Mister Keogh I no longer will stay with ye,
 Luck whispers Paddy, take heart and away with ye;
 Stont are your limbs, a good countenance carrying,
 Why should not Paddy catch money by marrying.

Fat took the hint and gambol'd like a mountebank,
 Small were his dealings with town or with county bank,
 Short his accounts were, and no need of docketing,
 Light was his money bag, easy in pocketing.
 Up with his bundle, his trusty stick shouldering,
 Let them, quoth Pat, stay at home and be mouldering;
 But a smooth shilling I'd willingly now wager,
 Paddy O'Rafferty hooks an old dowager.

Oh! would I were but that sweet Linnet.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 40.)—THE PRETTY GIRL MILKING THE COWS.

Oh! would I were but that sweet linnet!—

That I had my apple tree too!
 Could sit all the sunny day on it,
 With nothing but singing to do!
 I'm weary with toiling and spinning;
 And Dermot I never can see,—
 Nor sure am I Dermot of winning,—
 There's never good luck for poor me!

Quite set was my heart all the Sunday
 On going to Killaloe fair,—
 So my father fell ill on the Monday,
 And, look ye,—I could not be there.
 And it was not the fair that I minded,
 For there was I Dermot to see;
 But I'm always before or behind it,
 And there's never good luck for poor me.

I tried with my sweetest behaviour
 To tell our good priest my distress;
 And ask'd him to speak in my favour,
 When Dermot came next to confess.
 But he said I was but a beginner,
 And from love and temptation must flee!
 So if love will but make me a sinner,
 There's never good luck for poor me.

Ye Saints, with the Virgin! believe me,
 I join with the priest in your praise!
 Contrive but my Dermot to give me,
 And I'll love you—the length of my days.
 In vain would they bid me be wiser,
 And never my Dermot to see,—
 Bad luck to advice and adviser!
 Good luck! to dear Dermot and me.

OH! WOULD I WERE BUT THAT SWEET LINNET.

Nº 49.

*Andant.**grazioso.*

Oh! would I were but that sweet Linnet, That had my apple tree too Could
sit all the sun-ny day on it With nothing but singing to do Im
wea-ry with toiling and spinning And Dermot I ne-ver can see Nor...
sure am I Dermot of winning There's never good luck for poor me.

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It begins with a treble and bass staff for the piano, followed by a vocal line in a single staff. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (p, pp, sf, cresc., decresc.), articulation (accents), and phrasing slurs. The lyrics are written below the vocal line. The piece concludes with a final piano flourish in the bass staff.

Violence

174

"Tis but in vain for no-thing thrives, Where

Dermot has to do Fortune seems how, e'er he strives. His

footsteps to pur - sue But one by one when friends are gone. Mus-

I forsake him too.

riter: *PF*

'Tis but in vain,—for nothing thrives.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 50).—THE TWISTING OF THE ROPE.

'T is but in vain,—for nothing thrives
Where Dermot has to do,—
Ill fortune seems, how'er he strives,
His footsteps to pursue!
But one by one, when friends are gone,
Must I forsake him too.

O poverty! full sure thou art
A foe the most unkind;
And weary, weary is the heart
That feels thee still behind.
But one by one, when friends are gone,
Must I forsake him too.

I would my Lord could only see,
(For little can he know,)
How cruel can the Driver be,*
How sad my Dermot's woe.
But one by one, when friends are gone,
Must I forsake him too.

Next month he sails to find a home
Beyond the western tide;
And heav'n knows where he means to roam,
His houseless head to hide.
But one by one, when friends are gone,
Must I forsake him too.

My father says he cannot part,
And shews his hair so grey,—
My mother's tears,—I see them start,
When thinking of the day.
But one by one, when friends are gone,
Must I forsake him too.

Oh! breathe it not thou passing wind,
I tell it thee alone,
My Dermot is not always kind—
He breaks my heart, I own.
But one by one, when friends are gone,
Must I forsake him too.

* The Driver is a character but too well known in Ireland,—the man who drives off the cattle for sale, when a distress is taken out for payment of rent.

Save me from the Grave and Wise.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 51.)—NORA CREINA.

SAVE me from the grave and wise,
For vainly would I tax my spirit,
Be the thing that I despise,
And rival all their stupid merit.
On!—my careless laughing heart,
O dearest Fancy let me find thee,
Let me but from sorrow part,
And leave this moping world behind me.

CHORUS.—Speak ye wiser than the wise,
Breathe aloud your welcome measure,
Youthful fancy well can prize
The words that counsel Love and Pleasure.

Is it merry look, or speech,
Or bounding step that thus displeases?
Go and graver movements teach
To yon light gossamer on the breezes:
Go where breathes the opening spring,
And chide the flowers for gaily blowing,
Tell the linnet not to sing
In jocund May, when noon is glowing.

CHORUS.—Speak ye wiser, &c.

Hence with wisdom, dull and drear,
And welcome folly at a venture:
Cease my song,—a sound I hear,—
The plianxty comes—the dancers enter.
In yon throng, if I should see
Some gallant, giddy, gay adviser,
Who through life might counsel me,
He indeed might make me wiser.

CHORUS.—Speak ye wiser, &c.

SAVE ME FROM THE GRAVE AND WISE.

Nº 51.

*Allegretto
con
anima.*

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It begins with a treble and bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 4/4 time signature. The tempo and mood are indicated as 'Allegretto con anima'. The score consists of five systems of music. The first system includes piano markings 'cres.' and 'p'. The second system includes 'cres.' and 'p'. The third system includes 'cres.' and 'p'. The fourth system includes 'cres.' and 'p'. The fifth system includes 'cres.' and 'p'. The lyrics are written below the vocal line.

Save me from the grave and wise For vain-ly would I
tax my Spi-rit Be the thing that I despise And ri-val all their stu-pid me-rit
On my care-less laugh-ing heart O dear-est Fan-cy let me find thee
Let me hut from sor-row part And leave this mop-ing World be-hind me

Chorus

Soprano
 Speak ye wis - er than the wise Breathe a - loud your wel - come measure

Tenor
 Speak ye wis - er than the wise Breathe a - loud your wel - come measure

Bass
 Speak ye wis - er than the wise Breathe a - loud your wel - come measure

Youth - ful Fan - cy well can prize The words that coun - sel love and plea - sure

Youth - ful Fan - cy well can prize The words that coun - sel love and plea - sure

Youth - ful Fan - cy well can prize The words that coun - sel love and plea - sure

Nº 52.

A HEALTH TO THE BRAVE.

Andante
Moderato
con moto
e spirito

The musical score is written for a piano and voice. It begins with a piano introduction in 3/4 time, marked *p*. The piano part features a melody in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The voice part enters with the lyrics "A health to the brave in fields a far Sweet". The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings such as *cres* (crescendo) and *p* (piano). The score is divided into four systems, each with three staves (two for the piano and one for the voice). The lyrics are: "Free dom's foes as sail - - ing And", "high the cho - ral bat - den bear, Their names with honours hail - - ing". The piano part includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

What need awaits the fal - len brave? A

What need awaits the fal - len brave? A

Na - tion's tears to dew them And

Na - tion's tears to dew them And

Bards the bloom - ing flow'rs to weave And vir - gin hands to strew them

Bards the bloom - ing flow'rs to weave And vir - gin hands to strew them

p *pp* *f*

A Health to the Brave.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By JOHN F. M. DOFASTON, Esq.

AIR, (No. 52).—THE RED FOX.

A health to the brave, in fields afar
 Sweet Freedom's foes assailing ;
 And high the choral burden bear,
 Their names with honours hailing.
 What meed awaits the fallen brave ?
 A nation's tears to dew them,
 And bards the blooming flowers to weave,
 And virgin hands to strew them.

But what their meed to whom return
 In triumph's car is granted ?—
 Beside their comrade's laurel'd urn,
 To see the olive planted.
 To hear the good, the great, the fair,
 Rich notes of rapture pealing,
 That high the choral burden bear,
 Their names with honours hailing.

He promised me at Parting.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 53.)—KILLEAVY.

HE promis'd me at parting,
To meet me at the spring time here ;
Yet see yon roses blooming,
The blossoms how they disappear.
Return, my dearest Dermot !
Or sure the spring will soon be o'er ;
Fair long have blown the breezes,
Oh ! when shall I see thee more.

He went to look for treasures,
They're found they say in London town ;
And 'tis for me he means them,
Both golden store and silken gown.
I want but *thee*, my Dermot !
Nor silken gown, nor golden store ;—
Fair long have blown the breezes,
Oh ! when shall I see thee more.

No longer have I pleasure,
Nor at the wake, nor merry fair,—
They mock me at the bridal,—
And why indeed is Norah there !
I sit as if I heard not
The planxty I so lov'd before,—
Fair long have blown the breezes,
Oh ! when shall I see thee more.

Why go to that great city,
Oh why so far from Norah roam,
Return to those that love thee,
There's little love so far from home.
Thou art not faithless, Dermot,
Yet sure the spring is almost o'er,—
Fair long have blown the breezes,
Oh ! when shall I see thee more.

HE PROMIS'D ME AT PARTING.

No. 53.

Violino

Allegretto

pizz. *rit.* *luen*

He promis'd me at part - ing to meet me at the

Spring time here let see von roses bloom - ing, The blossoms how they dis - ap - pear Re -

- turn my dearest Der - mot. Or sure the Spring will soon be o'er Fair fair have blown the

bre - zes Oh when shall I see thee more. *pizz.* *rit.* *luen*

Basso *Violino* *Basso* *Basso*

The musical score is written for voice and instruments. It begins with a Violino part in G major, 3/4 time, marked 'Allegretto'. The vocal line enters with the lyrics 'He promis'd me at part - ing to meet me at the Spring time here let see von roses bloom - ing, The blossoms how they dis - ap - pear Re - turn my dearest Der - mot. Or sure the Spring will soon be o'er Fair fair have blown the bree - zes Oh when shall I see thee more.' The score includes piano markings (p, piz., rit., luen) and dynamic markings (pizz., rit.). The instrumental parts include Violino, Basso, and a Cello/Double Bass part. The score concludes with a final cadence.

O MIGHT I BUT MY PATRICK LOVE.

N^o 54.*dulcemente
con molto
espressione.*

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It begins with a piano introduction in the right hand, marked *p* and *Ped.*, followed by a *cresc.* in the left hand. The vocal melody enters in the first system with the lyrics "O might I but my Patrick love My mother scolds se-". The piano accompaniment continues with a steady eighth-note pattern in the left hand and chords in the right hand. The score continues with several systems of music, including the lyrics "ver-ly And tells us I shall wretch be prone Because I love him dearly, In vain she rates me o'er and o'er With", "less am cold and end, less It on-ly makes me love him more To find him poor and friendless Oh Patrick", and "fly from me Oh I, am lost for e- ver Oh Fortune kinder be Northward two lovers sever,". The score concludes with a final piano flourish in the right hand and a sustained chord in the left hand.

O might I but my Patrick love.

FROM A MANUSCRIPT

By *WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 54).—Communicated without a name to the Editor.

O might I hut my Patrick love !
 My mother scolds severely,
 And tells me I shall wretched prove,
 Because I love him dearly !
 In vain she rates me o'er and o'er
 With lessons cold and endless ;
 It only makes me love him more,
 To find him poor and friendless.
 Oh ! Patrick, fly from me,
 Or I am lost for ever—
 Oh ! Fortune kinder be,
 Nor thus two Lovers sever.

What bliss, to me my Patrick cries,
 In splendour and in riches ?
 He says, we love too little prize,
 That gold too much bewitches !
 More hiest the lark, tho' hard its doom
 Whene'er the winter rages,
 Than birds, he says, of finer plume,
 That mope in gilded cages.
 Oh ! Patrick fly from me, &c.

He tells me when the bosom's warm,
 We mock the storm that's blowing,
 That honest hearts can take no harm
 Tho' hard the world be going.
 He says,—ah me ! I'm sore afraid
 Lest I from duty faulter ;
 I wish he could as soon persuade
 The mother as the daughter.
 Oh ! Patrick fly from me, &c.

Come, Darby dear, easy,—be easy!

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 55).—KATE KEARNEY.

COME, Darby dear! easy—be easy,
So be sure, and it may not well please ye;
But she's gone, as I said,
With young Pat to be wed,
And in vain will we fret, 'till we're crazy,
And troth! he's a proper fine creature,
Of mighty good figure and feature,
And our daughter Kitty,
Why she's young and pretty—
O Darby dear! is it not nature?

They're tied before this, never fear them,
So love and good luck ever cheer them,
And faith in a crack
They'll be all coming back—
By the Virgin!—the Piper!—I hear them.
And it was, and it is always thus now,
So no longer be making a fuss now:
Cross words and uncivil
Och, pitch to the devil!
And give your old woman a buss now.

COME DARBY DEAR EASY BE EASY.

134

Nº 55.

Allegretto

staccando.

The musical score is written for piano and voice. It begins with a treble and bass staff for the piano, featuring a complex, rhythmic introduction with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The tempo is marked 'Allegretto' and the articulation is 'staccando'. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The vocal melody enters in the second system. The lyrics are as follows:

Come Dar-by dear eu-ey be eu-ey To be sure and it may not well
 please ye But she's gone as I said with young Pat to be wed And in vain will we fret till we're
 cra-zy And troth he's a proper fine crea-ture Of mighty good figure and feature And
 our daughter Kitty Why she's young and pretty Oh Dar-by dear is it not Na-ture!

The score concludes with a final piano flourish in the bass staff, marked with a forte 'f' dynamic.

THE PIPER WHO SAT &c

Nº 56.

Violino
p *crca*

Andante
esprivo
p *dol.* *crca*

The Pi-per who sat on his low mossy seat And
 piped to the youngsters so shrill and so sweet The far distant hum of the
 chil-dren at play And the Maidens' carol at the close of the day

The musical score is written for Violino and Andante esprivo. It consists of five systems of staves. The first system shows the beginning of the piece with a piano (p) dynamic and a crescendo (crca) marking. The second system introduces the vocal melody with lyrics. The third system continues the melody and includes a piano (p) dynamic and a crescendo (crca) marking. The fourth system continues the melody and includes a piano (p) dynamic and a crescendo (crca) marking. The fifth system concludes the piece with a double bar line.

The Soldier in a foreign land.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By JOANNA BAILLIE.

AIR, (No. 56).—THE BROWN MAID.

THE Piper who sat on his low mossy seat,
And piped to the youngsters so shrill and so sweet ;
The far distant hum of the children at play,
And the maiden's soft carol at close of the day.

Ah ! this was the music delighted my ear,
And to think of it now is so sad and so dear !
Ah ! to listen at ease by my own cottage door,
To the sound of my own native village once more !

I knew ev'ry dame in her holiday airs,
I knew ev'ry maiden that danc'd at our fairs ;
I knew ev'ry farmer to market who came,
And the dog that ran after him call'd by its name.

And who know I now, in this far foreign land,
But the stiff-collar'd sergeant, the trim coated band ?
No kinsman to comfort his own flesh and blood,
Nor merry ey'd damsel to do my heart good.

To my sight, or my ear, no gay cheering doth come,
But the flare of our colours, the tuck of our drum ;
The fierce flashing steel of our long muster'd file,
And the sharp dinning fife that playeth the while.

At night as I keep on the wearisome watch,
The sound of the west wind I greedily catch,
And the shores of dear Ireland then rise to my sight,
And my own native valley, that spot of delight.

Divided so far by a wide stormy main,
Shall I ever return to our valley again ?
Ah ! to listen at ease by my own cottage door,
To the sound of my own native village once more !

No more, my Mary, I sigh for Splendour.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 57.)—THE BROWN THORN.

No more, my Mary, I sigh for splendour,
And riot's joys no longer prize:
On thee I muse in visions tender,
Or gaze on thy fond eyes.
Oh! not the sages
With pedant pages,
'Tis thy soft smiles have made me wise.

For life's delusions of joy had reft me;
With sated heart I turn'd to pine—
A faded world I thought was left me,
Tho' all its pleasures mine.
Oh! hours of folly!
Of melancholy!
How chang'd for bliss,—for love like thine.

NO MORE MY MARY I SIGH FOR SPLENDOR.

N^o 57.*Andante**arco; iusto*

Violino

p

p *Cres* *Cres*

No more my Ma - ry I sigh for splen - dor And Riots joys no longer

prize On thee I muse in - visions ten - der, Or gaze on thy fond

eyes Oh! not the Sages with pedant pag - es 'Tis thy soft smiles have made me

wise.

Dol

JUDY LOVELY MATCHLESS CREATURE.

No 55

*Andante?**quasi**Allergretto*

Musical score for "Judy Lovely Matchless Creature." The score is written for voice and piano. It begins with a treble and bass staff for the piano, featuring a complex, flowing accompaniment. The tempo markings are *Andante?*, *quasi*, and *Allergretto*. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The lyrics are:

Ju - dy love - ly matchless creature Beauty shines thro' ev' - ry fea - ture Like yon
 light the pride of na - ture Thro' the morning dew - - - Come then to your
 Patrick's dwelling All a - round the buds are swelling Ev - ry lit - tle linnets
 tell - ing 'Tis the time to woo - - -
 The score includes various musical notations such as *Sempre dolce*, *p dolce*, *cres*, *p*, *dol*, *dimi*, and *pp*. The piano part features intricate arpeggiated figures and dynamic markings throughout.

Judy, lovely, matchless Creature.**RUSTIC COURTSHIP.**

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By *ALEXANDER BOSWELL, Esq.*

AIR, (No. 58.)—SLAUNT RI FLAULIB.

JUDY, lovely, matchless creature,
Beauty shines thro' ev'ry feature,
Like yon light, the pride of nature,
Thro' the morning dew.
Come, then, to your Patrick's dwelling;
All around the buds are swelling,
Ev'ry little linnet's telling
'Tis the time to woo.

Dame O'Flyn, sweet Judy's mother,
Would you bid me passion smother!
Sure I'll speak as well's another,
Tho' poor Pat O'Doyle.
Love within my breast is teasing,
Were I dumb—'twould be amazing;
Sooner, when the coals are blazing,
Bid your pot not boil.

The Ship must sail, my Henry dear.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 50.)—*The name addressed to the Editor.*

THY ship must sail, my Henry dear,
 Fast comes the day, too soon, too sure;
 And I, for one long tedious year,
 Must learn thy absence to endure.
 Come let me by my pencil's aid
 Arrest thy image ere it flies;
 And like the fond Corinthian maid,
 Thus win from Art what Fate denies.

And I will hang with fondness warm
 O'er all that there I pictur'd see;
 To others but a mimic form,—
 But oh! my life, my love to me.
 Or let me sing the song so dear,
 The song that told thy bosom's fire,
 When first, our favourite willows near,
 I bade thee wake thy ready lyre.

Yes, o'er and o'er, I'll sing and play
 The song beneath those willow trees,
 When thou, alas! art far away,
 And nought but thoughts of thee can please.
 Dear sister Arts! of power divine,
 To soothe the heart when cheerless found,
 And near, with moon-light gleam to shine,
 When all the world is darkness round.

O ERIN TO THY HARP DIVINE.

Nº 60.

*Andant^o
gr:ioso*

The musical score is written for voice and piano. It begins with a piano introduction in G major, 6/8 time, marked *Andant^o gr:ioso*. The piano part features a complex, flowing arpeggiated pattern in the right hand and a more rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. The vocal melody enters in the second system with the lyrics: "O Erin to thy Harpdivine I bid a - diu Yet let me now its". The piano accompaniment continues with a steady, arpeggiated texture. The third system continues the vocal line: "sounds re-sign with ho - mage due. Thy gen'rous Sons that know not fear Their". The piano part includes dynamic markings like *cres.* and *p*. The fourth system has the lyrics: "feelings, ge-nius, fire Oh blest be all but E-rin dear Be blest thy". The fifth system includes the words "Lyrics" at the beginning and end of the line. The final system shows the piano part concluding with a series of chords and a final cadence. The score is printed on six systems, each with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment.

The Farewell Song.

WRITTEN FOR THIS WORK

By WILLIAM SMYTH, Esq.

AIR, (No. 60.) THE OLD WOMAN.

O EARH ! to thy harp divine
I bid adieu :

Yet let me now its songs resign
With homage due.

Thy generous sons, that know not fear,
Their feelings, genius, fire :

Oh blest be all !—But, Erin dear,
Be blest thy lyre.

Oh where the heart that would not bound
With answering beat,

To hear thy Planxty's dancing sound,
And numbers sweet.

And where the heart that sinks not low,
And musing melts away,

To hear thy harp's deep lonely flow,
When mourns the lay.

No toil can e'er such sweets supply,—

No chymic power,

As brings the bee, with honied thigh,

From wild heath-flower :

And Science, that could wake the strings

To chords of rapture high,

May envy, while she smiling sings

Thy minstrelsy.

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